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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/718,407	11/20/2003	Toshiyuki Takabayashi	KOY-11	9978
20311 75	590 12/01/2005		EXAM	INER
LUCAS & MERCANTI, LLP		SHAH, MANISH S		
475 PARK AVENUE SOUTH			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
NEW YORK,	NY 10016		2853	

DATE MAILED: 12/01/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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,	Application No.	Applicant(s)	AT -
	10/718,407	TAKABAYASHI, TOSHIYUR	(I
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Manish S. Shah	2853	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 136(a). In no event, however, may a re will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON' e, cause the application to become AB.	CATION. The ply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on			
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	s action is non-final.		
 Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E 	•	• •	S
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are pending in the application	ı .		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acc	cepted or b) 🗌 objected to I	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	la hava haan raasiwad		
1. Certified copies of the priority document		onlination No.	
2. Certified copies of the priority document3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
application from the International Burea	-	received in this National Stage	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		received	
	·		
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)	
		o/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/1/04</u> .	6) Other:		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s 5) Notice of In)/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

1. Claims 1-3 & 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Marshall et al. (# EP 0540203 A1).

Marshall et al. discloses an active ray curable inkiet ink solvent less ink including a up to 70% monofuctional monomer, up to 70% bifunctional monomer and 0 to 10% tri or higher functional monomer (see Abstract). They also disclose that the monomers are acrylate based (column: 3, line: 9-58). They also disclose that the ink has a viscosity of 40 to 50 cP (column: 2, line: 10-15). They also disclose an image forming method for forming an image on a recording material including ejecting ink droplets of the active ray curable ink jet solvent less ink through inkjet recording head and irradiating the ink with an active ray within 0.5 sec (column: 2, line: 18-31; 45-58).

2. Claims 1-3 & 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Marshall et al. (# US 5275646).

Marshall et al. discloses an active ray curable inkjet ink solvent less ink including a up to 70% monofuctional monomer, up to 70% bifunctional monomer and 0 to 10% tri

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or higher functional monomer (column: 3, line: 23-65). They also disclose that the monomers are acrylate based (column: 3, line: 23-58). They also disclose that the ink has a viscosity of up to 50 cP (column: 5, line: 35-41). They also disclose an image forming method for forming an image on a recording material including ejecting ink droplets of the active ray curable ink jet solvent less ink through inkjet recording head and irradiating the ink with an active ray within 0.5 sec (column: 2, line: 65-68).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 4-5 & 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Marshall et al. (# EP 0540203 A1) in view of Koitabashi et al. (# US 6435677).

Marshall et al. discloses all the limitation of active ray curable ink except that the ink further includes the species of tertiary amine or photo-polymerizable tertiary amine monomer; and ink droplet ejected from the nozzles of the inkjet recording head amount is 1 to 15 pl.

Koitabashi et al. teaches that to get the stable printed image, ink composition further includes the tertiary amine (column: 13, line: 30-40; column: 16, line: 35-65); and

the ink droplet ejected from the nozzles of the inkjet recording head amount is 1 to 15 pl (column: 26, line: 45-55).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the ink composition and image-forming method of Marshall et al. by the aforementioned teaching of Koitabashi et al. in order to get the sharp and high density printed image.

4. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Marshall et al. (# EP 0540203 A1) in view of Takami et al. (# US 5721020).

Marshall et al. discloses all the limitation of active ray curable ink except that the total thickness of ink film obtained after the ink droplet are cured by irradiating the ink droplets with the active ray, measures 2 to 20 micrometer.

Takami et al. teaches that to get the stable printed image, the total thickness of ink film obtained after the ink droplet are cured by irradiating the ink droplets with the active ray, measures 2 to 20 micrometer (column: 13, line: 33-37).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the image-forming method of Marshall et al. by the aforementioned teaching of Takami et al. in order to get the image with superior processability, adhesivity, hardness and mar resistance, which increases the storage stability of the printed image.

5. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Marshall et al. (# EP 0540203 A1) in view of Ushirogouchi et al. (# US 6959986).

Marshall et al. discloses all the limitation of the inkjet recording apparatus except that the total power consumption of a light source for irradiating the ink with the active ray amount less than 1 kw.hr.

Ushirogouchi et al. teaches that to get the uniform drying and get the high quality printed image, the total power consumption of a light source for irradiating the ink with the active ray amount less than 1 kw.hr. (see Table: 3; column: 49, line: 50-65).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the ink jet recording apparatus of Marshall et al. by the aforementioned teaching of Ushirogouchi et al. in order to get the uniform drying and high quality printed image.

6. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Marshall et al. (# EP 0540203 A1) in view of Takami et al. (# US 5721020) as applied to claim 8 above, and further in view of Ushirogouchi et al. (# US 6959986).

Marshall et al. and Takami et al. discloses all the limitation of the inkjet recording apparatus except that the total power consumption of a light source for irradiating the ink with the active ray amount less than 1 kw.hr.

Ushirogouchi et al. teaches that to get the uniform drying and get the high quality printed image, the total power consumption of a light source for irradiating the ink with the active ray amount less than 1 kw.hr. (see Table: 3; column: 49, line: 50-65).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the ink jet recording apparatus of Marshall et al. as modified by the aforementioned teaching of Ushirogouchi et al. in order to get the uniform drying and high quality printed image.

7. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Marshall et al. (# EP 0540203 A1) in view of Koitabashi et al. (# US 6435677) as applied to claims 4-5 & 9-10 above, and further in view of Ushirogouchi et al. (# US 6959986).

Marshall et al. and Koitabashi et al. discloses all the limitation of the inkjet recording apparatus except that the total power consumption of a light source for irradiating the ink with the active ray amount less than 1 kw.hr.

Ushirogouchi et al. teaches that to get the uniform drying and get the high quality printed image, the total power consumption of a light source for irradiating the ink with the active ray amount less than 1 kw.hr. (see Table: 3; column: 49, line: 50-65).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the ink jet recording apparatus of Marshall et al. as modified by the aforementioned teaching of Ushirogouchi et al. in order to get the uniform drying and high quality printed image.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Manish S. Shah whose telephone number is (571) 272-2152. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am-4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen D. Meier can be reached on (571) 272-2149. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Manish S. Shah Primary Examiner Art Unit 2853

MSS 11/21/05